Privacy Challenges in RFID-Systems

RESEARCH GROUP FOR

Distributed Systems

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The Ubicomp Vision

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"The most profound technologies are those that disappear. They weave themselves into the fabric of everyday life until they are indistinguishable from it."

Mark Weiser (1952 – 1999), Xerox PARC

- The computer as an everyday tool
- Networking all things
- Embedding computers into intuitive UI's

Data Collection in Ubicomp

- High Potential for...
 - Unprecedented collection size
 - Unprecedented collection detail
 - Large public unawareness

What?	How?
Coll. Scale	Everywhere, Anytime
Coll. Manner	Unobtrusive, Invisible
Data Types	Detailed, Mundane, Close-Up & Personal
Motivation	Everything is Important (Context!)
Accessibility	Machine-to-Machine Interactions

Radio Frequency Identification

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- "Barcode++"
 - Stores (potentially very detailed) IDs
 - Provides link between real and virtual
- Unobtrusive
 - Tags can be read without line-of-sight
 - Tags need no batteries (reader provides power)
- Efficient
 - Dozens of tags can be read in seconds
- Cheap
 - Price range: 5-10 Cents





RFID Privacy

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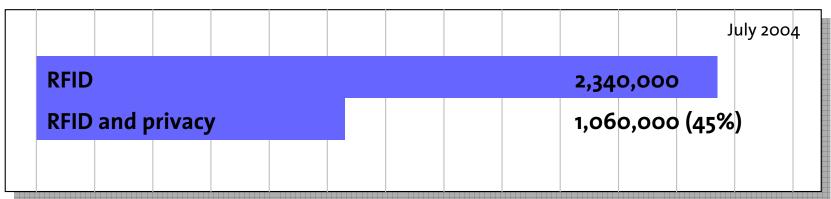
- WalMart, US DoD, Benetton, Metro, ...



- Ubiquitous Reading?
 - Anything, anytime, anywhere?



Public Concern (measured by Google*)



^{*} Original numbers by Ravi Pappu, RFID Privacy Workshop @ MIT: November 15, 2003

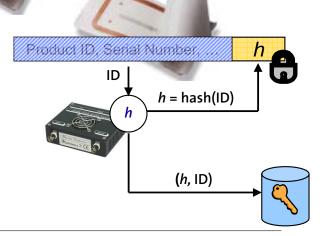


Current Solutions

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- Tag Deactivation (Kill Tag)
 - Cumbersome
 - Expensive training / equipment
 - Prevents post point-of-sales applications
- Communication Block (Blocker Tag)
 - Unreliable
 - Interferes with 3rd party tags
- Access Control (Hash Locks)
 - Expensive chip design
 - Impractical key management





Threat Models

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- What are We Trying to Protect?
 - Secret surveillance networks?

unlikely (expensive, unreliable)

– Pickpockets and burglars?

impractical (expensive, unreliable)

Staying in control of personal data flows!

ubiquitous! (everywhere, anytime, unnoticed)

- Goal: Transparency Protocols
 - Use machines to monitor plethora of interactions
 - Support for privacy laws & regulation (see P3P)
- RFID Approach
 - Embed support for the Fair Information Principles in RFID-protocols (reader-to-tag communication)

RFID FIP-Support

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Principle	Support through
Collection Limitation	Tag Selection Mask
Consent	Watchdog-Tag (optional)
Data Quality	n/a (with "privacy-aware database/PawDB")
Purpose Specification	Purpose Declaration, Collection Type
Use Limitation	n/a (Leveraging from Purpose Specification)
Security Safeguards	Encryption/Authentication (?)
Openness	Reader-Policy ID
Participation	n/a (using PawDB)
Accountability	Reader-Policy ID

Fair Information Practices, OECD 1980



Collection Limitation

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Targeted Read Commands

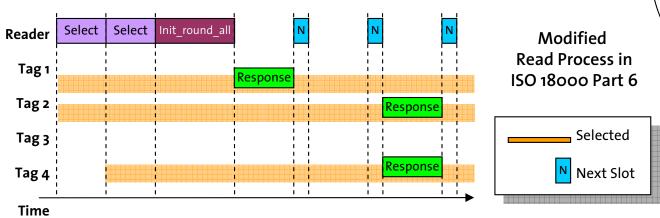
Smart shelf only reads razorblades

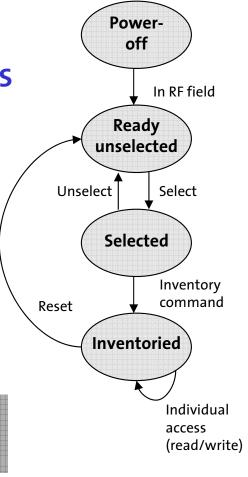
Smart checkout reads only store items

Selection Mask (e.g., "*.E32B*.*")

Only selected tags reply

- Requires hierarchical IDs (e.g., EPC)







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Openness

Protocol extension	Init round all	SUID flag	Round size	CRC-5	RPID	Purpose	Collection type	CRC-16
1 bit	6 bits	1 bit	3 bits	5 bits	96 bits	16 bits	2 bits	16 bits

- Init_Round Command in ISO 18000 Part 6
 - Begins read-round (Aloha-based anti-collision)
 - Contains anti-collision protocol parameters
- 130 Bits "Privacy-Header" Extension

ReaderPolicyID

Protocol extension	Init round all	SUID flag	Round size	CRC-5	RPID	Purpose		CRC-16
1 bit	6 bits	1 bit	3 bits	5 bits	96 bits	16 bits	2 bits	16 bits

Header	Data Collector	Policy	Reader
8 bits	28 bit	24 bits	36 bits

5F.4A886EC.8EC947.24A68E4F6

- All read-request uniquely identified
 - Data collector, reader, and policy identifiable
 - Format follows EPC standard (allows code reuse)

Collection Type

								IMACS WUP
Protocol extension	Init round all	SUID flag	Round size	CRC-5	RPID	Purpose	Collection type	CRC-16
1 bit	6 bits	1 bit	3 bits	5 bits	96 bits	16 bits	2 bits	16 bits

- 1) Anonymous Monitoring
- 2) Local Identification
- 3) Item Tracking
- 4) Person Tracking

Declaration of Intent

- Typical RFID usage w/o identification
 - personally identifiable data is collected but only used anonymously (needs audits)

Purpose Specification

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- 1) Access Control
- 2) Anti-Counterfeiting
- 3) Anti-Theft
- 4) Asset Management
- 5) Contact
- 6) Current
- 7) Development
- 8) Emergency Services
- 9) Inventory

- 10) Legal
- 11) Payment
- 12) Profiling
 - a. Ad-Hoc Tailoring
 - b. Pseudo Analysis
 - c. Pseudo Decision
 - d. Individual Analysis
 - e. Individual Decision
- 13) Repairs & Returns
- 14) Other Purpose

Transparency: Watchdog Tag



Watchdog Tag Time/Date 13:18:24, 03/06/2004 RPID 5F.4A886EC.8EC947.24A68E4F6 Purpose Inventory, Pseudo-decision Collection Person Tracking Type Mask **.7B3E747.3DBA49.******** **.7B3E747.3D91E1.******** **.7B3E747.3D86B4.********* Resolve

Watchdo	og Tag
Time/Date	13:18:24, 03/06/2004
Data Collector	Example Store Inc.
Policy ID	8EC947
Reader ID	24A68E4F6
Reader Location	Aisle 6 98, Main Street Example City, EC 21508
Purpose	Inventory, Pseudo-decision
Collection Type	Person Tracking
Target Selection	Close Shave Men Close Shave Lady Close Shave Super

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Feasibility?

- Extending Reader Devices
 - Software-update
 - Integrates with enterprise solutions ("Privacy-DB")
- Extending Tags
 - Needs protocol-level standardization (EPC, P3P, ...)
 - No new hardware (program logic only)
 - Good performance (only about 1% loss in speed)
- Reliability?
 - No tag configuration necessary
 - "Reliable" like a public announcement (poster, etc)
 - can be ignored by consumer, but lacking it can be noticed



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- Ubicomp brings privacy challenges
 - Large-scale, unnoticed data collections
 - RFID-technology most prominent example
- Current RFID privacy solutions fall short
 - Too complicated, expensive
- Proposal: Put Transparency into RFID
 - Readers identify themselves, purpose, etc...
 - Support for laws & regulations



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For more information...

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- Ch. Flörkemeier, R. Schneider, M. Langheinrich, Scanning with a Purpose – Supporting the Fair Information Principles in RFID Protocols.
 Submitted for publication
- M. Langheinrich, A Privacy Awareness System for Ubiquitous Computing Environments.
 Proceedings of Ubicomp 2002
- M. Langheinrich, Die Privatsphäre im Ubiquitous Computing – Datenschutzaspekte der RFID-Technologie. Appears in 2004 (German)

http://www.vs.inf.ethz.ch/publ/